

THE MARBLE HILL PRESS.

SANDERS & KUEHN, Pubs.

MARBLE HILL, MO.

A VAST amount of labor is lost in this world by people being in haste. They go at an undertaking without any previous reflection how best to accomplish the purpose in hand.

THE crowning fortune of a man is to be born to some pursuit which finds him employment and happiness, whether it be to make baskets or broadswords, or canals, or statutes, or songs.

RIDICULE is a most cruel and dangerous remedy for any fault or failing, and is likely to be productive of greater evils than that upon which it bears, especially as it is almost always aimed at those things which the poor victim is thoroughly conscious of, but is not able to help.

THERE is a capacity in every man and woman, though it may often lie latent, to draw happiness from life in its various phases; and his or her entire welfare depends very largely upon the degree to which this power exists. To lose faith in it is to be carried away by its current; but to feel it and exert it is to guide the helm and conquer the storm, and bring the boat successfully into port. The man who does this is not the mere pleasure-seeker.

HORACE MANN once said at the dedication of a reform school that if one boy was saved the large outlay of money for the buildings would be justified. When some one asked him if he really meant that it paid to spend so much money for one boy he replied: "Yea, if he were my boy." Many men are answering that question in that way and by bringing it home to themselves are broader in their charity and more just in their dealings with the homeless youth of the great cities who are drifting, capable of being piloted into a safe harbor or go to wreck and ruin on the dangerous coasts of vice. But many more people who are more selfish are compelled to note the dangers to all youth and help to erect lighthouses, danger signals and harbors of refuge.

GOLD is light. No man ever complains of the weight of it. But morality! bless your heart, it is no easy matter accumulating that species of wealth; and, withal, not very attractive to flesh and blood. It is delightful to clothe yourself in bright armor, and conquer kingdoms, and seize property, and distribute it graciously amongst heroes; to judge property cases, and to place this estate to this man's share, and that estate to that man's share. But to sit down unobserved and unnoticed of men and condemn yourself to lose, when it is in your power to gain; to condemn yourself to want, when it is in your power to enjoy—is so very difficult, that it is easier to conquer a hundred kingdoms and carry a thousand measures through congress than it is to accomplish this one feat of arms.

SOME fashionable amateurs were once gathered in front of a picture by a famous painter, of a lot of pigs swilling buttermilk from a trough, and they were very profuse in their exclamations of admiration. "Pshaw!" exclaimed a country boy who had found his way into that select company. "Pshaw! It's all wrong!" And when they asked for a more specific objection, he said: "Why, who ever saw a lot of pigs drinking milk without one of 'em with a foot in the trough?" That was a sound criticism and worth any amount of jargon about "tone," "feeling," "atmosphere," etc. We need popular criticism for the sake of just such thrusts at sham realism; but we need it most of all to bring literature and art into a wholesome relation of "give and take" with common life. It is sadly true that the masses in this country read a great deal of poor stuff. We do not believe that the majority of our countrymen care much for detective stories or for translations of immoral fiction of foreign origin, but they read ramby-panby romances, and their culture is not thereby advanced. Our recognized critics point out better things insistently enough, but they have not the ear of the people. We want critics of the people, for the people or at least critics who can make themselves understood by the people in the manner that are intended for popular amusement and education.

ROCKWELL IS SEATED.

THE LONG DRAWN OUT ELECTION CASE CLOSED.

By a Vote of 123 to 106 He Is Given the Seat—Proceedings of the Senate—Grand Army Men to Be Given a Hearing—General Mention.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—By more than forty majority the House decided Friday to keep Mr. Rockwell of New York in his seat and to deny admittance to Mr. Noyes, the Republican contestant. This result was reached after three days of stormy debate and a contest which for bitterness of feeling and personal collisions has not been equaled in the House for many years. After speeches by Mr. Fellows of New York and Mr. Cockran Mr. O'Ferrall closed the debate, and the previous question being ordered, Mr. Bryan of Nebraska demanded a separate vote and the vote was first taken on the proposition of the minority that Mr. Noyes was not entitled to his seat. This resulted: Yeas, 140; nays, 98. On the resolution of the minority that Rockwell was entitled to the certificate the vote was: Yeas, 128; nays, 106.

Mr. Bryan of Nebraska then submitted a resolution to recommit the case to the Elections committee, with instructions to take testimony regarding the sixteen Doyle ballots and the twenty-eight marked ballots. This was lost—yeas, 110; nays, 125. The question was then put upon the resolution as amended, that Rockwell was entitled to his seat, and was carried by a viva voce vote. Loud applause followed the announcement of the vote and the House then took a recess.

Business Done in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—In the Senate yesterday Mr. Hoar from the Judiciary committee reported a bill to amend the revised statutes which authorize appeal to the Circuit court of the United States from State courts in cases where the persons convicted claimed to have acted under the authority of any statute of the United States or under the authority of any foreign power. The bill was passed with an additional amendment: "Or unless such order be obtained from some Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States."

The Army Appropriation bill was reported and placed on the calendar. Mr. Stewart giving notice that he would call it up Monday next provided it did not interfere with the Chinese bill.

Several minor bills and the urgent deficiency bill were passed.

The Chinese Exclusion bill was taken up and Mr. Chandler proceeded to present testimony as to the continuous introduction of Chinese from Canada and British Columbia in order to show the need of more stringent laws to prevent the influx of Chinese over the border. Mr. Davis, a member of the Committee on Foreign Nations, looked upon the House bill as a rank, radical, unblushing, unmitigated repudiation of every treaty obligation remaining between the United States and China. At the close of Mr. Davis' speech, without any action on the bill, the Senate went into executive session and soon adjourned.

General Bussey Vindicated.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—Gen. Bussey, Assistant Secretary of the Interior, appeared before the House Special Pension Office Investigating committee Friday to answer the charges made against him by Gen. Dugan. Gen. Bussey said he had failed at New Orleans, owing \$150,000, and settled at 25 cents on the dollar, and in less than twelve months he paid 100 cents on the dollar on all confidential debts. Representative Little moved to strike from the record the assertions made by Gen. Dugan as to Gen. Bussey's character, saying they had proved unqualifiedly false, and the motion was unanimously adopted.

Will Fight for Free Sugar.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—The fight for free sugar in fact as well as in name is likely to begin in earnest in the House next week. A favorable report on the resolutions of Mr. Scott of Illinois, calling upon the attorney-general for information as to what he has done against the sugar trust will probably be agreed upon by the House committee on the judiciary at its meeting next Tuesday.

Four Millions for Agriculture.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—Mr. Hatch's committee will report the agricultural appropriation bill the latter part of next week. The measure will carry a larger appropriation this year than it did last. Last year the bill carried an appropriation of \$2,868,173, and this year the estimates alone amount to \$3,300,993.

Official Result in Louisiana.

NEW ORLEANS, La., April 25.—The counting of the votes polled in this city at the general election, held last Tuesday, has been completed and is as follows: For Governor, McEnery, 18,701; Foster, 11,704; Leonard, 6,070; Breau, 2,716; Tannhill, 74. In the Legislature the Republicans will doubtless hold the balance of power as between the Democratic factions.

VICTORY FOR NEWSPAPERS.

Indiana's Supreme Court Will Not Allow the Press to Be Muzzled.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 25.—The Supreme court, Judge Olds handing down the opinion in which all the judges concurred, reversed the action of Judge Taylor, of the Vigo Circuit, relative to W. O. Fishback, editor, and George M. Allen, proprietor of the Terre Haute Express. These gentlemen were sent to jail for contempt of court in writing and publishing articles relative to bids for a sewer in Terre Haute, and charging that Judge Taylor stopped a grand jury investigation as to alleged corruption in connection with the bids.

For Cleveland and Palmer.

QUINCY, Ill., April 25.—The Adams County Democratic convention met in this city yesterday and instructed for Cleveland for President, with Palmer as second choice. No instructions were given as to the State offices, and both Altgeld and Black have friends on the delegation.

CARTHAGE, Ill., April 25.—The Democrats of Hancock county met in delegate convention yesterday. Resolutions were passed condemning Harrison's administration and indorsing Cleveland's. Senator John M. Palmer was named as first choice for President, with Cleveland second.

To Fight Chicago Packers.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., April 25.—A company was organized in this city last evening to fight the big four packers of Chicago for the local trade. For several years Chicago has monopolized the trade in dressed meats in this city to the exclusion of local butchers and packers. The company formed last night is headed by Christian Pfeiffer of Buffalo. P. A. Randall, J. D. Nickey and other local capitalists. Packing and slaughter houses with a capacity of 5,000 hogs a day will at once be erected.

Troublesome Prisoners at Huntingdon.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., April 25.—During the last ten days the rougher element among the inmates of the Huntingdon Reformatory have been showing their contempt for discipline. Disturbances are of almost daily occurrence. Yesterday morning the most serious outbreak took place. Henry Yarnall, an outside teamster who was hauling stone, was attacked by five of the prisoners, led by John LaPorte of Erie and brutally beaten.

Hancock Farmers Organize.

CARTHAGE, Ill., April 25.—The People's party was organized in this city Friday. The members are mostly leaders in the Farmers' Alliance. A county central committee was appointed and delegates elected. Resolutions were adopted indorsing the platform of the National People's party and inviting all labor organizations to co-operate with them. A county ticket will be put in the field.

County Teachers' Institute Meeting.

PETERSBURG, Ill., April 25.—The Tri-County Teachers' Institute, composed of Menard, Mason, and Tazewell counties, opened a two days' session here with a large attendance from the three counties. State Superintendent Raab addressed the institute this afternoon at the opera-house. The session will close to-morrow with a discussion of the work of the profession.

Prohibitionists Ready for Fusion.

WIOAMAC, Ind., April 25.—The Prohibition party of Pulaski county met yesterday and nominated John Small, John Mallon, John L. Burton and Hutstle State delegates. The convention adopted resolutions to fuse with the People's party, Farmers' Alliance and the Union faction, or with any party that would make alcoholic tariff a State issue.

Talking of Depew for President.

NEW YORK, April 25.—There are indications that some of Chauncey M. Depew's political friends are not averse to again entering him in the race for the Presidential nomination as New York's favorite son. There are several well-known Buffalo Republicans in this city at present, and they talk Depew in preference to Harrison very freely.

Yellow Fever on Shipboard.

NEW YORK, April 25.—The steamer Alliance, from Brazilian ports, which arrived to-day, reports that on March 31, Howard F. Appleton of Brooklyn, aged 22 years, died from yellow fever and was buried at sea. On April 4, Mary Jane Moynihan, a saloon passenger, died from pneumonia. She was also buried at sea.

Refused Third Reading.

Boston, Mass., April 25.—By a vote of 91 to 72 the House refused a third reading to the bill enabling a political party holding 3 per cent of the votes for Governor to make nominations. This bill was in favor of the Prohibition party and was supported by the Democrats and opposed by the Republicans.

Will Call a Bimetallic Convention.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—The National silver committee decided to call a National bimetallic convention to meet in this city May 26, 1892. The formal call, which will be accompanied by a brief address, will be issued to-morrow evening.

EVIDENCE IS STRONG

AGAINST THE WYOMING CATTLEMEN.

Murder, Treason and Insurrection Charged—Probable Outcome Will Be Their Release, However—They Are Still On the March—Appeals for a Fair Trial.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., April 25.—Through Sheriff Malcolm Campbell of Converse county it is learned that Sheriff Angus and County Attorney Bennett of Johnson county have procured evidence against the cattlemen. They have unearthed the design of the expedition and extent of the depredations intended. The baggage of the members of the expedition captured proved, it is claimed, that the whole party can be indicted not only for murder, but for treason and insurrection.

One result of the cattlemen's raid is the probable dismemberment of the Wyoming State militia, the officers and men being greatly dissatisfied with their treatment by the Governor and the superior officers of the organization during the recent troubles. To-day four officers tendered their resignations and others are expected. Many militia officers assert that their organization has been made a cat's paw of by the Governor to aid his friends, the stockmen, and unless satisfactory explanation of his actions is made they will refuse to remain in the service.

TAKING PRISONERS TO DOUGLAS.

That Point Will Be Reached Sunday—Probable Outcome of the Trouble.

ENCAMPMENT ON DRY CHEYENNE RIVER, Wyo. (via courier to Douglas), April 25.—Troops and cattlemen are almost played out by the march and the last two days' progress has been slower than earlier in the week, when the blizzard was sweeping over the country. Major Fenechet, the commanding officer, in conversation with a correspondent here to-day, paid a tribute to the people of Buffalo and Johnston counties. He thought their every action was clearly within the pale of the law and that they had conducted themselves admirably at a time when any ill-advised action would have resulted in the shedding of blood. The mayor also spoke highly of Sheriff "Red" Angus, saying he was every inch a gentleman.

The captured cattlemen are not communicative to a remarkable degree. While eager for news from the southern part of the State, and especially Cheyenne, they are silent when questioned about their expedition and its real object. They will probably be arraigned before some judge, give bond, and once more be free men. This will probably be the end of the whole trouble.

They Ask for a Fair Trial.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., April 25.—Gov. Barber received a telegram last night from Gov. Francis of Missouri saying that it had come to his knowledge that former Missourians now residing in Wyoming are threatened with mob violence. He begs that Gov. Barber will use his influence to the end that these men may be given a fair trial if they have been guilty of violating the laws. Gov. Hogg of Texas addressed to Gov. Barber a like communication.

Lawbreaking Will Be Punished.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., April 25.—Attorney-General Potter, referring to the cattlemen's difficulty, said that he had nothing to do under the law with criminal prosecutions until such cases reached the Supreme court, and then his duty was to represent the State; that if the cattlemen and their associates in the Northern expedition had committed any crime they would be brought to trial before the civil courts.

Killed Because He Was a Rustler.

HELENA, Mont., April 25.—William Corker was found murdered on the Crow Reservation, fourteen miles from Big Timber, last evening. It is claimed that Corker has had the reputation of being connected with the rustlers. Whether this was the immediate cause of his death is not known. This is the third case of this sort reported since the war on rustlers was begun in the cattle countries.

Traveling Salesman Robbed.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., April 25.—F. J. Roscoe, traveling salesman for the jewelry house of Bowman & Co., Nassau street, New York, was robbed last night at the Union depot of a valise containing diamonds valued at \$2,000 or more.

Gen. Grant's Tomb.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—The President will leave here next Tuesday evening for New York to lay the cornerstone of Gen. Grant's tomb at Riverside Park on the 27th inst. He will be accompanied by Secretaries Elkins, Tracy and Rusk and other officials. Secretary Elkins will deliver an address.

Protecting Grand Army Men.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—Representative Bryan asked the House Committee on Appropriations to grant a hearing to a committee of the Grand Army posts of Nebraska in opposition to the appropriation of \$100,000 for the entertainment of members of the Grand Army at the encampment at Washington. The hearing will be accorded.

AFTER FIVE TRIALS.

The Verdict Rendered in a Wisconsin Damage Suit.

OSHKOSH, Wis., April 25.—A verdict has at last been rendered in the Stacy and Towle case, judgment being ordered for the defendant, the Milwaukee, Lake Shore & Western Railroad company. This was the fifth trial, every other jury having disagreed. Stacy and Towle sued the railroad company for loss caused by the destruction of their sawmill plant in the great fire of 1897, which, it was claimed, was caused by sparks from one of the company's locomotives.

Indorsed Harrison, Blaine and McKinley.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., April 25.—At the First District Republican convention held here yesterday delegates were chosen to the State convention. Resolutions were passed indorsing Harrison, Blaine and the McKinley bill.

Shot and Killed Her Husband.

FORT WORTH, Texas, April 25.—Yesterday the wife of Robert Stafford of this city, shot and instantly killed her husband. She is now in jail and will not talk. Stafford, whose proper name was John Hodges, was from St. Louis. The shooting was the result of a quarrel.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Herr Fushnagel has sued Prince Bismarck for libel.

Queen Victoria is anxious about the health of the Prince of Wales.

Cold weather in Southern Indiana has not destroyed the peach crop.

Work is to be resumed in the Huron copper mine at Hancock, Mich., May 1.

Italy has resolved to give up all of its African colonies, with the exception of Massowah.

The composers on the Tageblatt, Abendpost, Runyschau and Freie Presse at Chicago are on a strike.

Colonel Edwin R. Goodrich, who served on Burnside's staff through the war, died in Boston.

The volume of business in iron is greater in all lines than last year. The outlook is said to be good.

W. E. Bohart, a St. Paul agent of D. F. Swift & Co., has become a defaulter and has disappeared.

One man was killed as the result of the California earthquake. The damage to property is placed at \$100,000.

Lady Henry Somerset in a recent speech at Liverpool spoke highly of the of the temperance movement in the United States.

E. D. Holton, one of Milwaukee's pioneers, died on his way north from De Funiak Springs, Fla., aged 77 years.

A permit has been issued to organize the Hartsburg State bank, at Hartsburg, Ill., with a capital stock of \$25,000.

Hereafter the Union Trust company of New York will pay but 1 per cent a year on deposits, instead of 2½ per year.

In an article in the Washington Star it is announced that a powerful opposition against Harrison's candidacy has been effected.

Justin McCarthy and Dillon have cabled Dr. Emmet, president of the National Federation of America denying a division in the Irish party.

Henry Stine, a member of Machinis's and Blacksmiths' Union No. 3, Chicago, was killed on the railroad tracks at Hamilton, Ohio.

Tobacco monopolists, who were granted a Persian franchise, which the Shah has just revoked, met in London to close up the affairs of the company.

Henry Breeman of Richmond, Ind., 63 years old, fell under the wheels of an electric car in Cincinnati and both legs were cut off. He will die.

Gray men have scored a point in the Indiana Democratic convention by having the indorsement of Senator Turpie for re-election stricken from a resolution.

The Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company has purchased the real estate and plant of the Silver Creek and Morris Coal and Iron company for \$500,000.

Secretary Adams of the Illinois Grand Lodge of Oddfellows sold the Oddfellows' Herald of Bloomington. It is said that he will retire from the secretariat.

Maud Desmore, daughter of a wealthy coal dealer of Dayton, Ohio, who disappeared from her home two months ago, has been found in Springfield, Ohio.

It is not believed by the Rothschild's that Herr Jaeger, the defuncting cashier, has committed suicide and a reward of 1,000 marks has been offered for his arrest.

France in sending an Ambassador to the Quirinal and one to the Vatican at the same time, had as the object an arrangement to prevent future troubles at the pilgrimages.

John Crawford and Nat Aldrich, of Oskosh county, Mo., quarreled, and the latter was killed by Crawford. The dead man's son avenged his death by shooting Crawford. Young Aldrich and his two brothers were arrested.

Constable William Neese of La Grange, Texas, Thursday shot and killed August Mischer and fatally wounded his brother, Fritz Mischer. He also wounded a third brother in the arm. The Mischers attacked the constable and tried to kill him.